

Problem:

Find the general solution of the differential equation:

$$(1 + x^2)dy - 2xydx = 0.$$

Solution:

$(1 + x^2)dy - 2xydx = 0 \Rightarrow (1 + x^2)dy = 2xydx$ , this is an equation with separable variables,  $\Rightarrow$

$$\frac{dy}{y} = \frac{2xdx}{1 + x^2}, \text{ let's integrate } \Rightarrow \int \frac{dy}{y} = \int \frac{2xdx}{1 + x^2} = \int \frac{dx^2}{1 + x^2} = \ln|1 + x^2| + C_0 \Rightarrow \ln|y| = \ln|1 + x^2| + C_0 \Rightarrow$$

$|y| = e^{C_0} \cdot (1 + x^2) \Rightarrow \boxed{y = C \cdot (1 + x^2)}$  will be the desired general solution of the initial equation, where  $C$  is the arbitrary constant.

Answer:  $y = C \cdot (1 + x^2)$ .