

## Problem:

Write a differential equation of the family of curves, in which the segment of any tangent, closed between the coordinate axes, is divided by the tangent point M(x, y) in relation to |AM|: |MB| = 2: 1, where A is the point of intersection of the tangent with the Oy axis, B is the point of intersection with the Ox axis.

## Solution:



The equation of the tangent at the point M(x, y) will be Y - y = y'(X - x) (since the angular coefficient is  $k = \tan \alpha = y'(x)$ ), where (X, Y) is the current point of the tangent. When  $X_A = 0 \Rightarrow Y_A = -y'x + y$ , A(0; y - y'x), when  $Y_B = 0 \Rightarrow X_B = x - \frac{y}{y'}$ ,  $\Rightarrow B\left(x - \frac{y}{y'}, 0\right)$ , M divides AB in relation to  $2: 1, \Rightarrow x = \frac{X_A + 2X_B}{3}$ , from both equalities imply:

$$x = \frac{2}{3}\left(x - \frac{y}{y'}\right) \Rightarrow xy' + 2y = 0, \Rightarrow y' = -\frac{2y}{x}$$

This is the differential equation of the desired curves.

Answer:  $y' = -\frac{2y}{x}$ .