



Problem:

The binary relation P ; find its domain and range. Check by the definition whether the relation P is reflexive, symmetric, antisymmetric, transitive. $P \subseteq \mathbb{Z}^2, P = \{(x, y) \mid (x + 2 \cdot y) \text{ multiple of } 2\}$.

Solution:

The domain of P :

$$\delta_P = \{x \in \mathbb{Z} \mid \exists y \in \mathbb{Z}, xPy\}, \Rightarrow \delta_P = \{2k \mid k \in \mathbb{Z}\}, \text{ since } 2y \text{ is divisible by } 2 \text{ for all integer } y.$$

The range of P :

$$\rho_P = \{y \in \mathbb{Z} \mid \exists x \in \mathbb{Z}, xPy\}, \Rightarrow \rho_P = \mathbb{Z}, x + 2x = 3x \text{ is not divisible by } 2 \text{ for odd } x \Rightarrow P \text{ is not reflexive.}$$

We see that $(2, 1) \in P$, but $(1, 2) \notin P \Rightarrow P$ is not symmetric.

We see that $(2, 4) \in P, (4, 2) \in P$, but $2 \neq 4 \Rightarrow P$ is not antisymmetric.

From $(x, y) \in P, (y, z) \in P \Rightarrow (x + 2y)$ and $(y + 2z)$ are even $\Rightarrow x$ is even $\Rightarrow x + 2z$ will also be even $\Rightarrow (x, z) \in P \Rightarrow P$ is transitive.